

Hydrogen Applications for Small Islands

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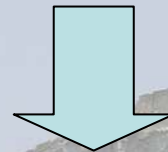
Aegean Energy Agency Conference, Milos 23-25 Oct. 2009



Is Hydrogen a Hype?

Reasons:

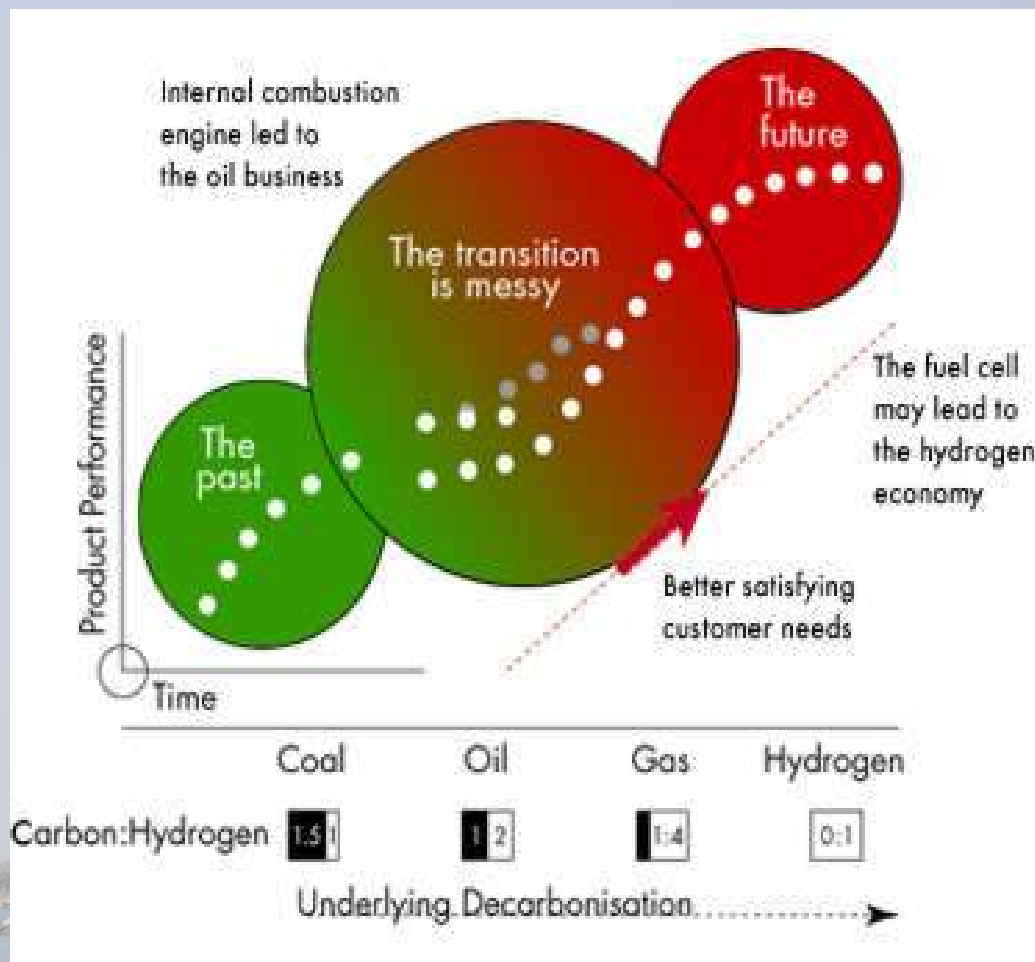
- Availability of fossil fuels
- Decrease environmental impact of hydrocarbons use
- Energy independence & security of supply



In the future 2 basic energy carriers will exist:

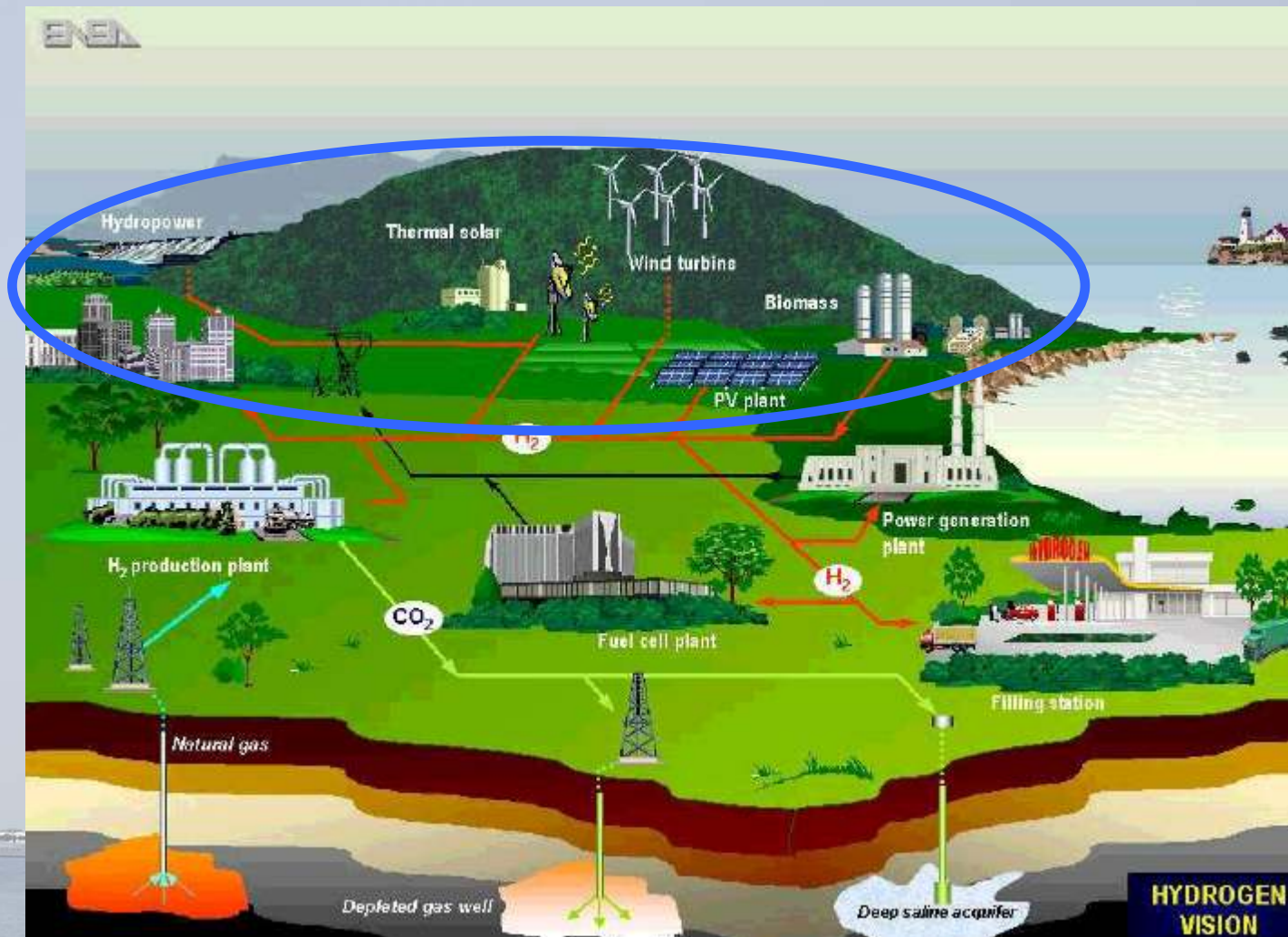
- **Electricity** (lighting, informatics)
- **Hydrogen** (replacement of liquid & gaseous fuel in the transport sector, in autonomous stationary power systems and in the sector of heating)

Is Hydrogen a Hype?



Source:
Shell Hydrogen

Role of RES



Source:
HLG

Role of RES

Characteristics:

- Confront the stochastic character of RES through energy storage in the form of hydrogen
- Potential of decentralised/ distributed hydrogen production, using local Renewable Energy Sources
- Decrease fossil fuel imports
- Penetration of RES in the Transport Sector

H2 applications in the transport sector

Applications in Marine Transport



H2 applications in the transport sector

Applications in Road Transport



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Hydrogen Applications in the context of the Greek Green Island – Ai Stratis

Transport sector:

The objective of the project is to create the basic infrastructure for refueling hydrogen vehicles and electric vehicles through the development of :

H₂ production unit & vehicle filling station

There will be hydrogen vehicles on the island for demonstration purposes

Hydrogen Applications in the context of the Greek Green Island – Ai Stratis

BASIC EQUIPMENT INFO:

- 1) Hydrogen production unit through water electrolysis, driven only by RES, with a capacity of 60 - 100 kW, and hydrogen production capacity in the order of 10-20 Nm³/hr
- 2) H₂ gaseous storage tanks at medium pressure (30 kg), metal hydride tanks (1-2 kg), H₂ gaseous storage tanks at high pressure (40 kg)
- 3) H₂ compressor with a compression capacity of 10-20 Nm³/hr, at a pressure of 220 bar
- 4) Hydrogen filling station for vehicles
- 5) Hydrogen ICE for stationary applications with a capacity of 90 kW (installed at the central power station of the island)

Hydrogen Applications in the context of the Greek Green Island – Ai Stratis

Vehicles:

- 1) Hydrogen driven forklift
- 2) Small van or a sweeper driven by fuel cells
- 3) Fuel cell scooter
- 4) Replacement of diesel ICE with H2 ICE & integration in a fishing boat



Hydrogen Applications in the context of the Greek Green Island – Ai Stratis

Autonomous stationary applications:

- 1) CHP applications based on Fuel Cells for 5 non-interconnected small farms
- 2) 2 UPS applications based on Fuel Cells (telecom applications)
- 3) Demonstration application based on Fuel Cells (Lighting of the municipality building)



The STORIES Project: “Addressing barriers to storage technologies for increasing the penetration of intermittent energy sources”

Scope:

To increase RES penetration in remote, or non-interconnected areas through the adoption of energy storage methods

Expected Results:

- Increase exploitation of RES in islands by identifying all suitable solutions to increase renewable energies penetration
- Assessment and mapping of the national regulatory and legislative framework of all EU Member States applying in remote regions
- Quantifications of the social, economic and environmental benefits of energy storage applications and grid control systems
- Estimation of economic aspects such as costs of power generation from conventional fuels in comparison to RES-energy storage power systems
- Results from different tariff schemes for combined RES-energy storage power systems in various islands/remote regions all over Europe
- Development of a Roadmap including list of recommendations for the adoption of hybrid RES-energy storage power systems
- Communication and dissemination throughout the project with the key target groups to increase public acceptance of RES-energy storage systems

Hydrogen Applications

Advantages

- Zero emissions
- Increased efficiency
- Applications in Transport
- Liberation of energy market

Disadvantages

- Increased capital cost
- High requirements for hydrogen purity
- Public acceptance



The case study of Milos

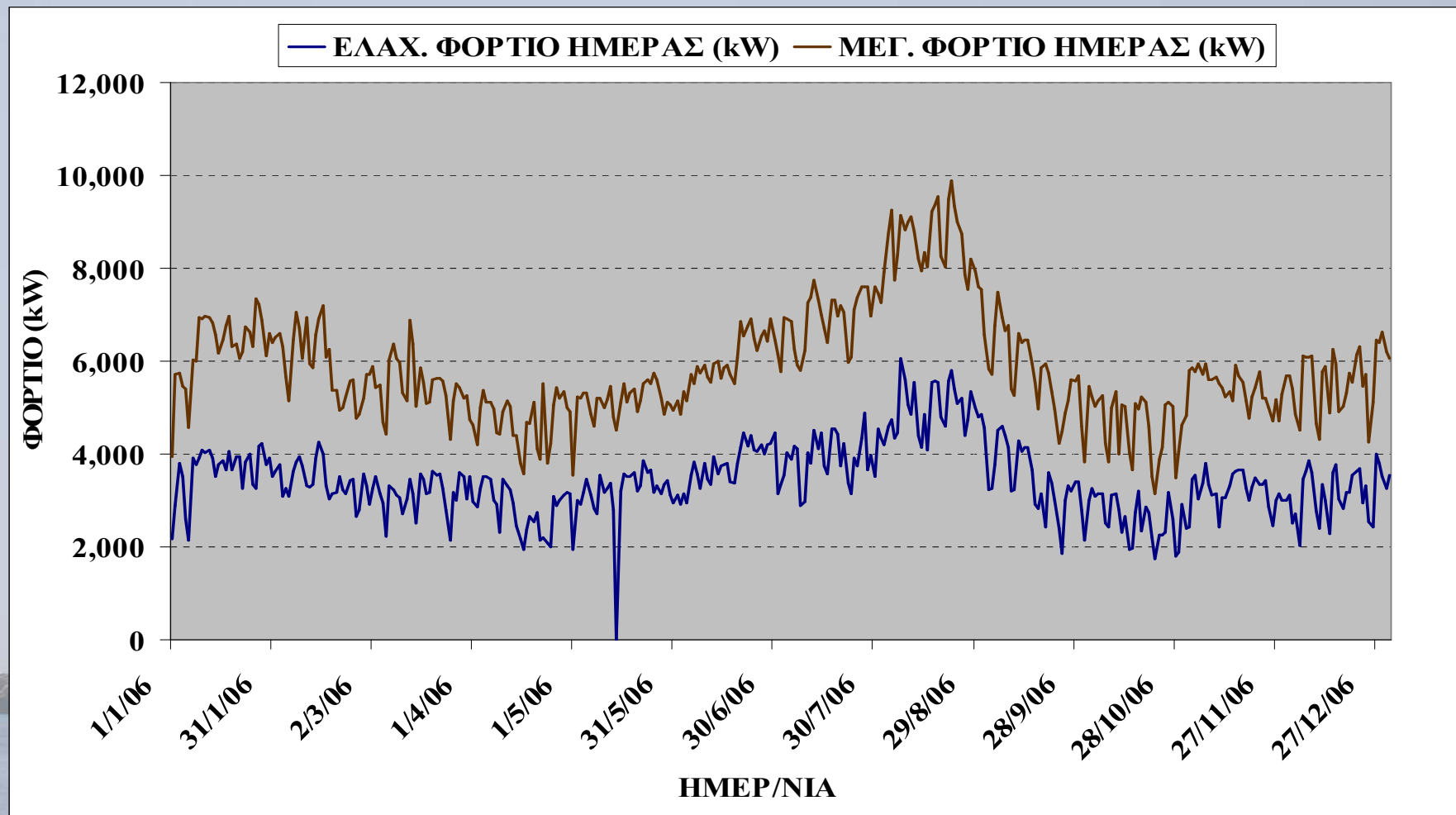
- Existing power system
- Proposed power system based on RES & H2 Technologies
- Subsidised power system based on RES & H2 technologies
- More info on
(<http://www.storiesproject.eu/>)

Milos island



- South western Aegean Sea, Cyclades
- 86 miles from Piraeus
- Island Area: 151 km², Coast length: 125 km
- 5.000 permanent inhabitants
- 5 times increase of population during summer

Milos Power Demand



Milos: Architecture of the existing power system

- 8 Thermal Generator Sets
 - 2 Sulzer 7TAF48 Units (1,75 MW, Heavy Oil)
 - 3 MAN G9V30/45 Units (0,7 MW Heavy Oil)
 - 1 CKD 12V27,5-B8S Unit (2 MW, Diesel)
 - 1 CKD 12V27,5-B8S Unit (1,9 MW, Diesel)
 - 1 FINCANTIERI BL230.12P Unit (1,75 MW, Diesel)
- 3 Wind turbines
 - 2 Vestas V – 44 (0,6 MW)
 - 1 Vestas V – 52 (0,85 MW)

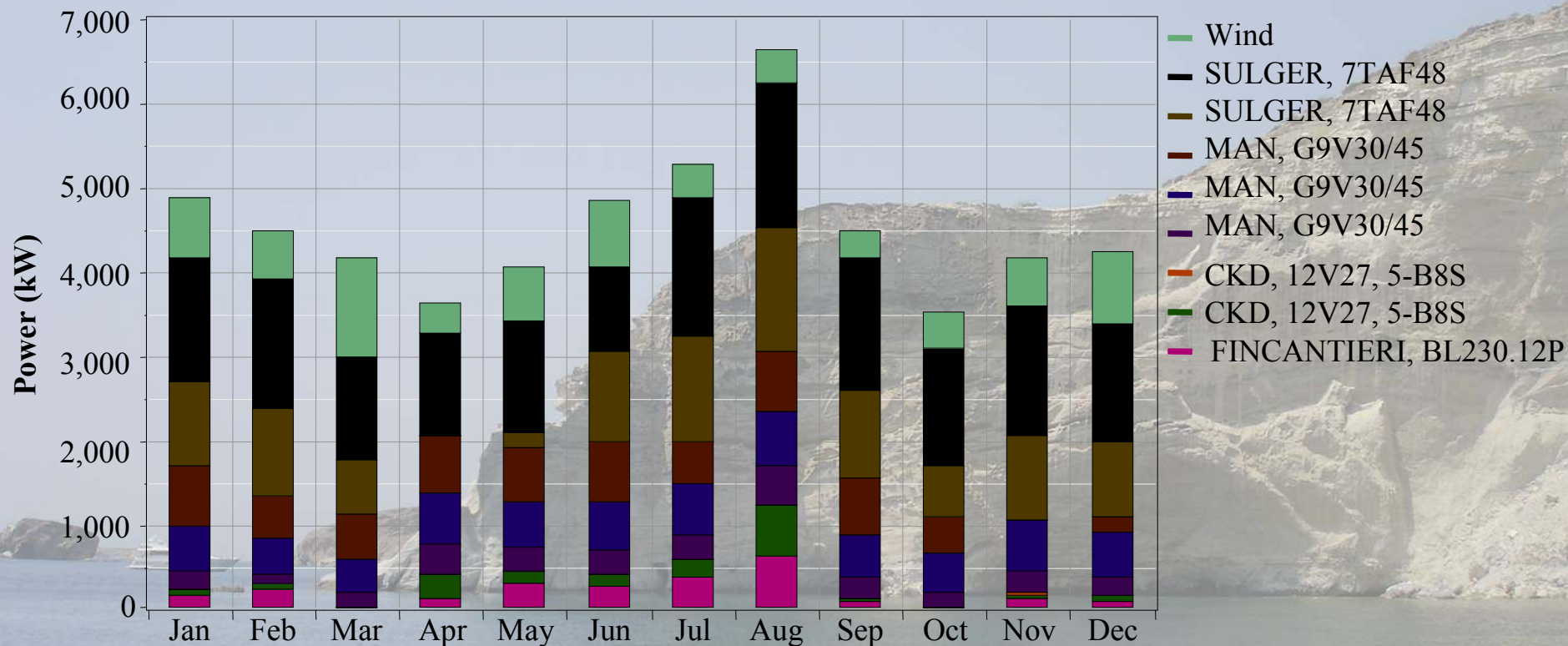
Basic Simulation Inputs

- Heavy Oil: 0,34 €/L
- Diesel: 0,68 €/L
- Thermal generator sets: 250 – 300 €/kW
- Wind turbines: 1.200 €/kW
- Emission costs: 21 €/tn CO₂
- Project lifetime: 20 years

Simulation Results

Existing Power System

Monthly Average Electricity Production



Simulation Results

Existing Power System

- Cost of Energy Production (COE): 0,114 €/kWh
- Energy produced from Wind: 5.316.007 kWh/yr
- Renewable fraction: 0,134
- Heavy Oil: 8.128.720 L/yr
- Diesel: 704.548 L/yr

Milos: Architecture of the proposed power system

- 4+1 Thermal Generator Sets

2 Sulzer 7TAF48 Units (1,75 MW Heavy Oil)

2 MAN G9V30/45 Units (0,7 MW Heavy Oil)

1 Rental Unit (1,032 MW, April-September)

- 30 Wind turbines

2 Vestas V – 44 (0,6 MW)

28 Vestas V – 52 (0,85 MW)

Electrolyser (2 MW)

Fuel Cell (PEM, 1 MW)

Hydrogen Tank (4.000 kg)

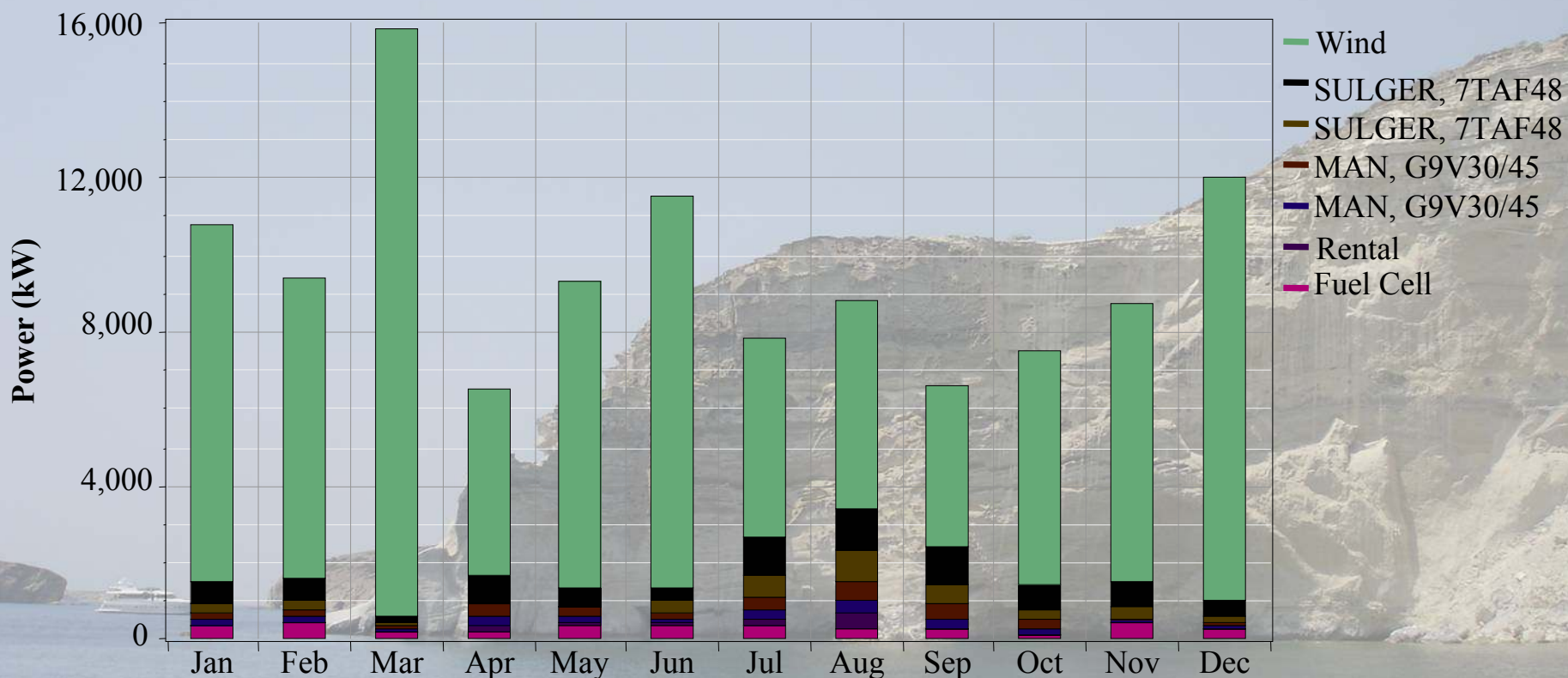
Basic Simulation Inputs

- Heavy Oil: 0,34 €/L
- Diesel: 0,68 €/L
- Thermal generator sets: 250 – 300 €/kW
- Wind turbines: 1.200 €/kW
- Emission costs: 21 €/tn CO₂
- Electrolyser: 2.000 €/kW
- Fuel Cells: 3.000 €/kW
- Hydrogen tanks: 800 €/kg
- Project lifetime: 20 years

Simulation results

Proposed power system

Monthly Average Electricity Production

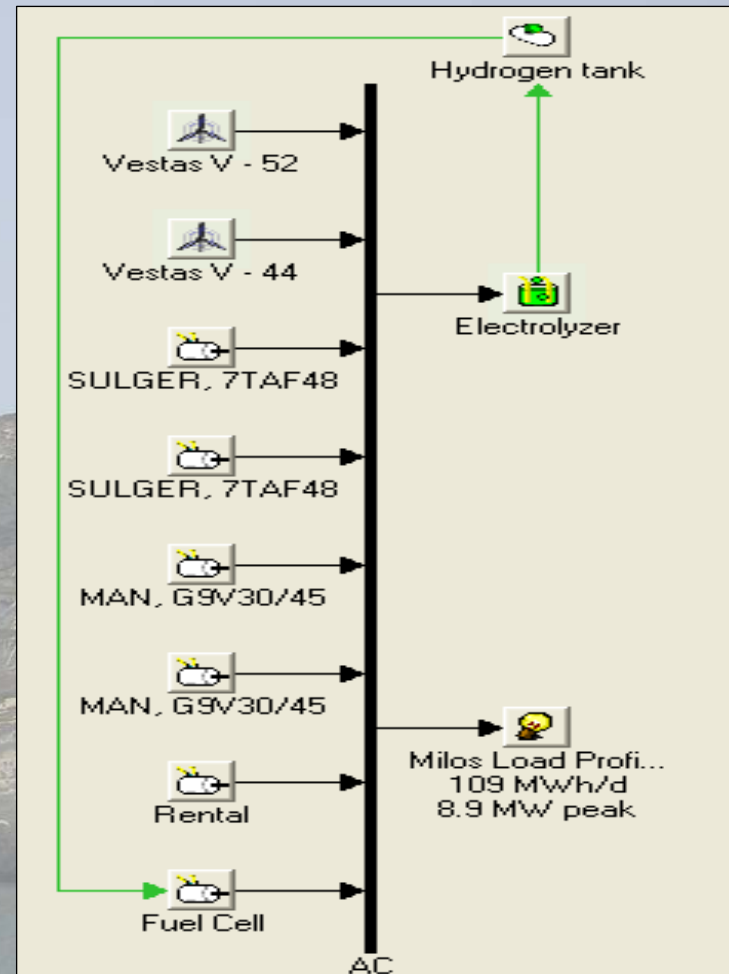
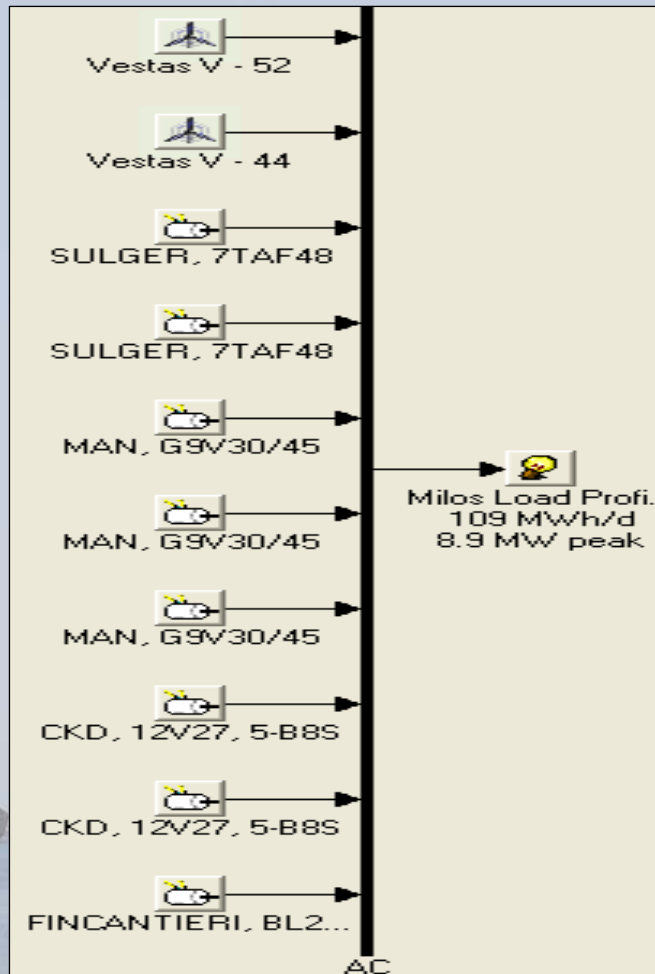


Simulation results

Proposed power system

- Cost of Energy production (COE): 0,144 €/kWh
- Energy produced from Wind: 69.124.688 kWh/yr
- Renewable fraction: 0,85
- Heavy Oil: 3.266.430 L/yr
- Diesel: 147.023 L/yr

Basic Architecture of Systems



Simulation Results

| Parameters | Existing System | Proposed hybrid system without subsidies | Proposed hybrid system with subsidies (30% on WT & 50% on H2) |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| Cost of Energy (€/kWh) | 0,114 | 0,144 | 0,112 |
| RES penetration | 13.4% | 85% | 85% |
| Number of Thermal Units | 8 | 4+1 | 4+1 |
| Wind turbines | 3 | 30 | 30 |
| Diesel (L/yr) | 704.548 | 154.906 | 154.906 |
| Heavy oil (L/yr) | 8.128.720 | 3.054.863 | 3.054.863 |

Emissions (kg/yr)

| Emissions | Existing System | Proposed hybrid system |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| CO₂ | 26,961,874 | 9,841,757 |
| CO | 57,416 | 21,809 |
| Unburned H/C | 6,360 | 2,416 |
| Particulate matter | 4,328 | 1,644 |
| SO₂ | 525,409 | 196,873 |
| NO_x | 512,329 | 194,607 |

CONCLUSIONS

The introduction of hydrogen as energy storage method in Milos results in:

- relatively small increase in the power generation cost of the island (ca. 26%)
- huge increase on RE penetration on the island (from 13% to 85%)
- significant reduction in emissions produced (especially CO₂)
- further reduction on the cost of hydrogen energy equipment and the introduction of external costs makes the hydrogen-based system economically competitive to the existing one

GREEK H2 & FUEL CELLS TECHNOLOGY PLATFORM

- Established in 2006
- Similar structure to the European HFP
- 4 working Groups
 - Hydrogen production
 - Hydrogen storage & distribution
 - Hydrogen applications (stationary & transport)
 - Socio-economic issues
- Developed the Greek H2 and Fuel Cells Roadmap in 2007 (already submitted to Ministry of Development and the GSRT)

PROPOSALS OF THE GREEK HFP

- **Inclusion of H2 & FC technologies in the national energy planning.**
- Call for a demonstration project where energy storage in the form of pump hydro, H2 & desalination for island power systems in combination with RES will be studied.
- Calls for proposal from GSRT for all fields of H2 & FC technologies.

PROPOSALS OF THE GREEK HFP

- **Introduction of a support framework for the development of H2 & FC applications.**
- ❑ Modifications to the existing Law (3468/2006) for RES & CHP.
- ❑ Subsidies on capital cost combined with promotional feed-in tariffs for autonomous power systems such as the islands.
- ❑ Support of 2 Lighthouse Projects (Milos & Ios).

THANK YOU !!